

Soil is Life Webinar Series:
***Soil's Role in Processing Pollutants:
Case Studies of Green Infrastructure
and Carbon Sequestration***

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"In place of a *type-true people*, born of and grown on the *soil*, there is a new type of nomad, cohering unstably in fluid masses, the *parasitical city-dweller*..."

Spengler, O. (1917-22) *The decline of the west* (trans.)



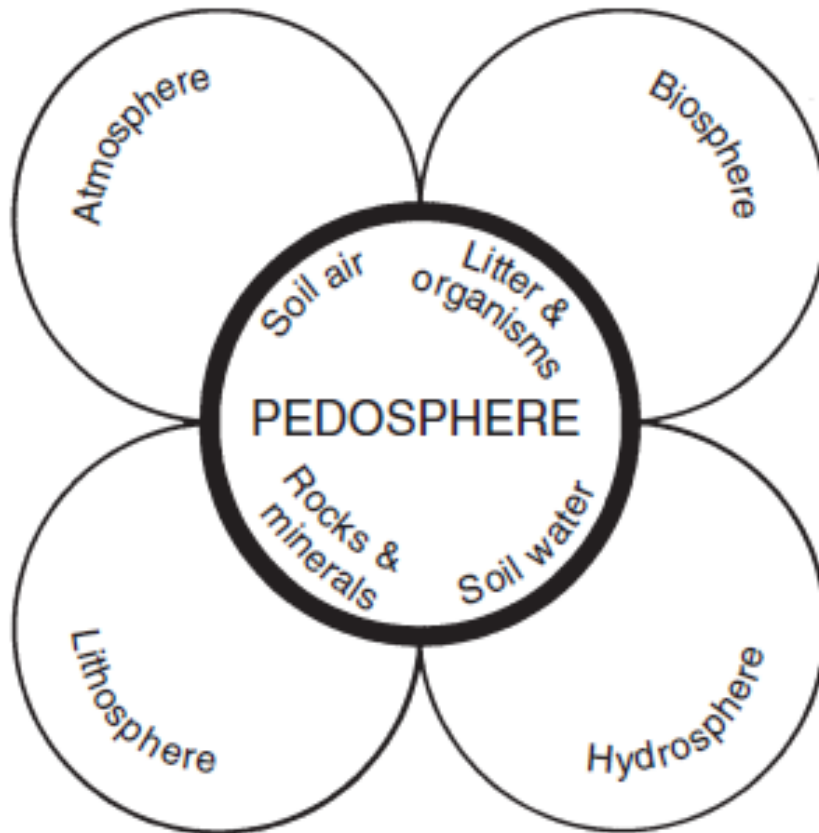
Overview

1. Intro to soils & soil food webs
2. Urban environment
3. Soils, Green Infrastructure (GI), Management
4. Soils and pollution
5. Soils and C-sequestration

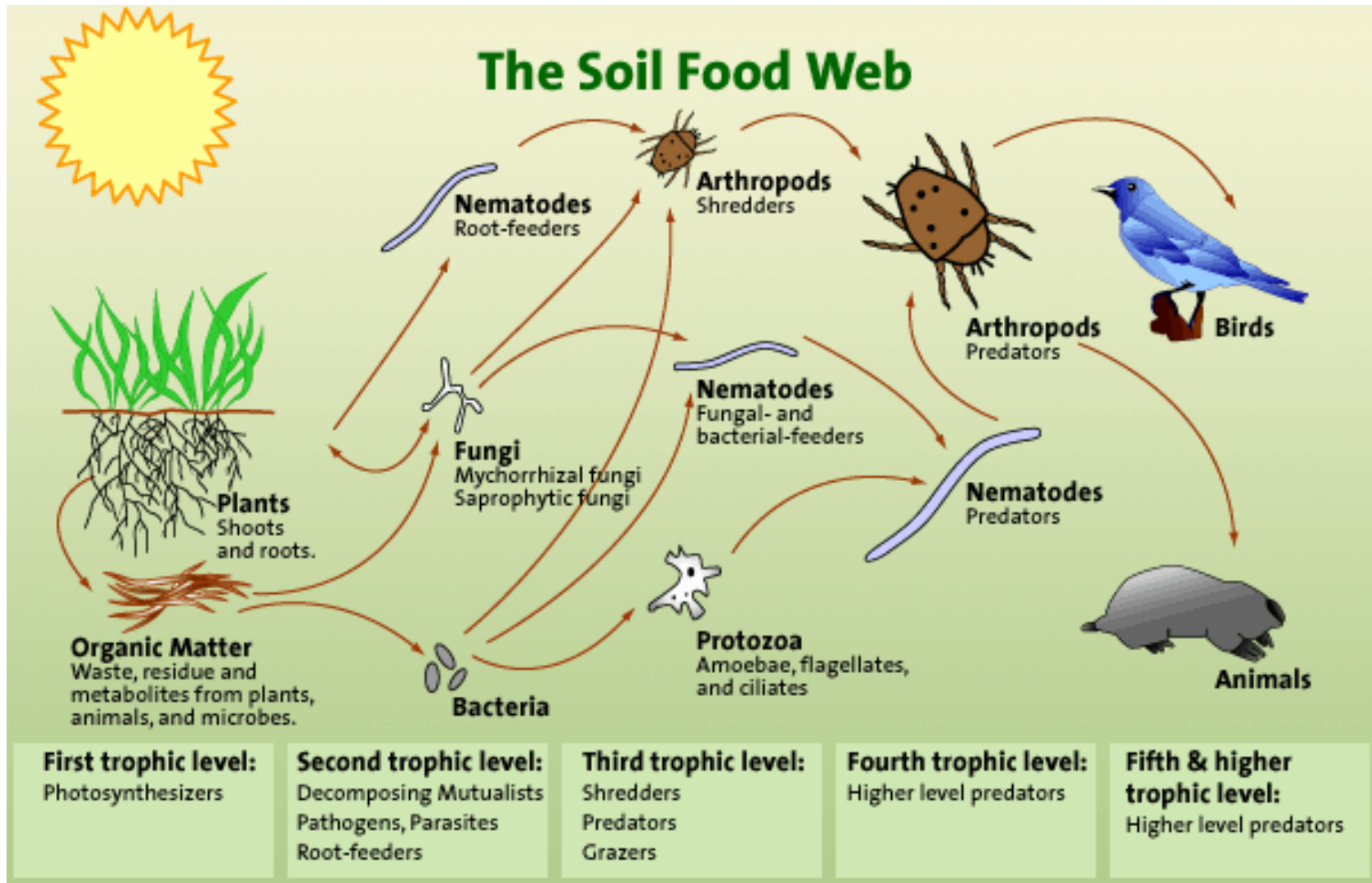


M. Carreiro

What is soil?



- A sand-silt-clay matrix
- Living and dead organic matter
- Gases and liquids in the matrix

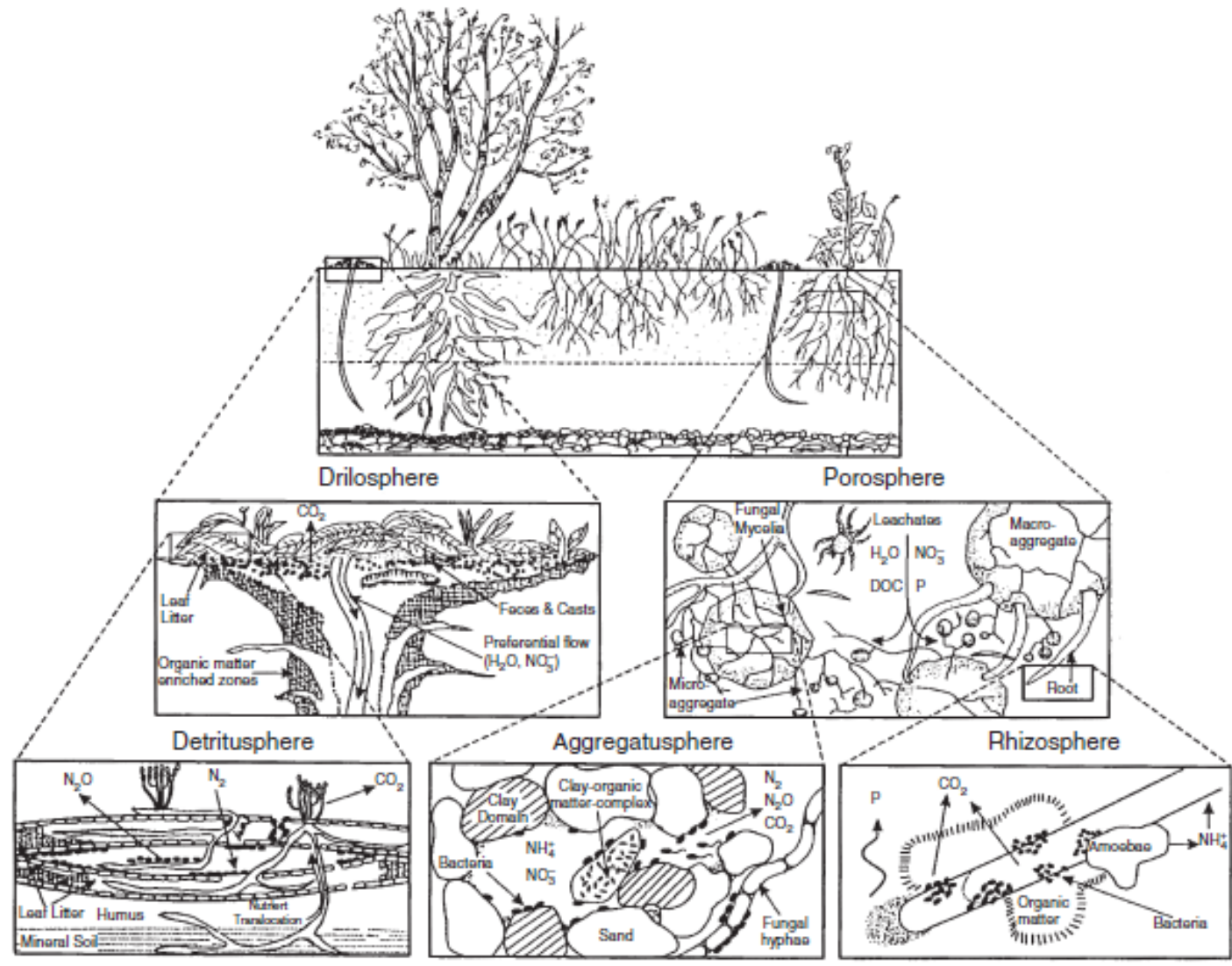


Decomposition

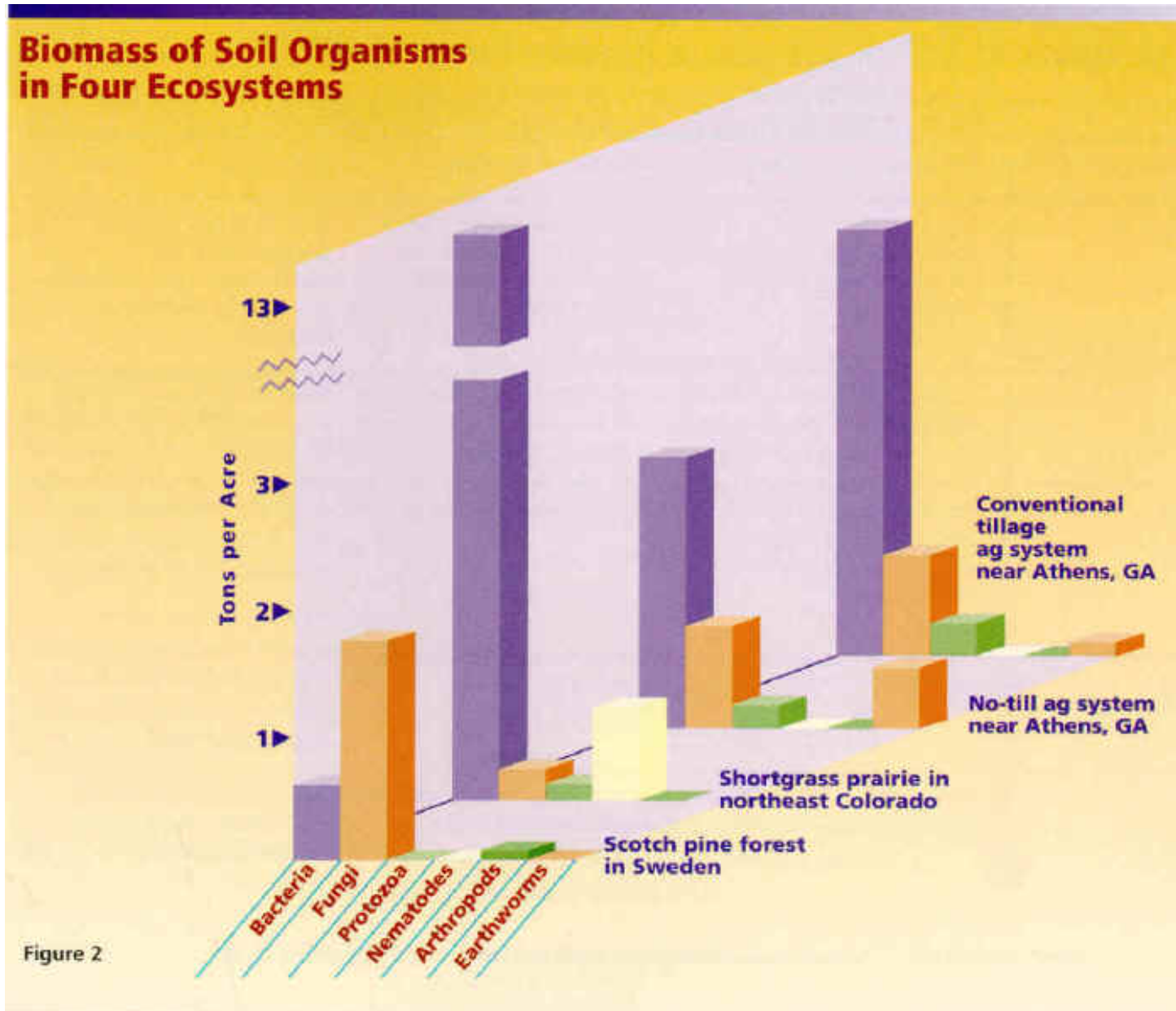
Predation

Litter fragmentation

Hot spots – make up 10 % of soil volume but account for 90% of activity



Variation in Space



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urban soil issues



soil quality



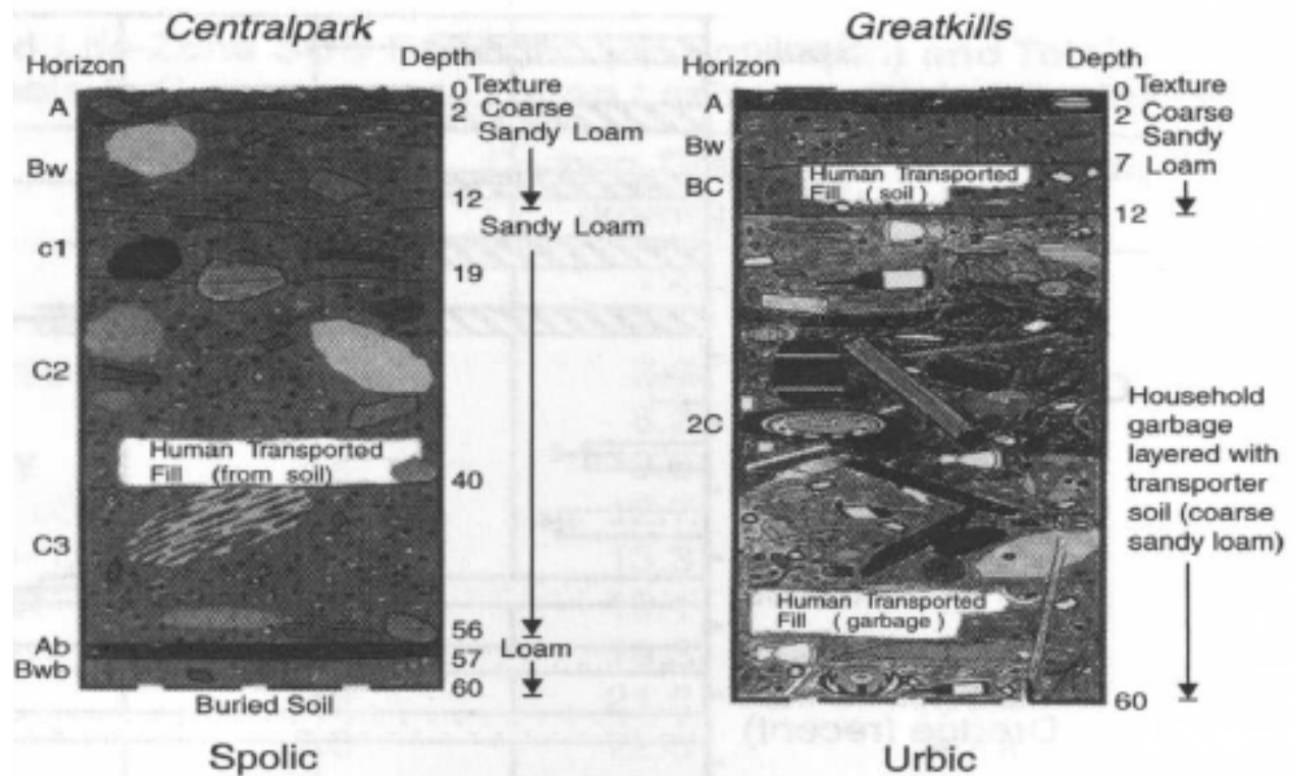
sealing



composition

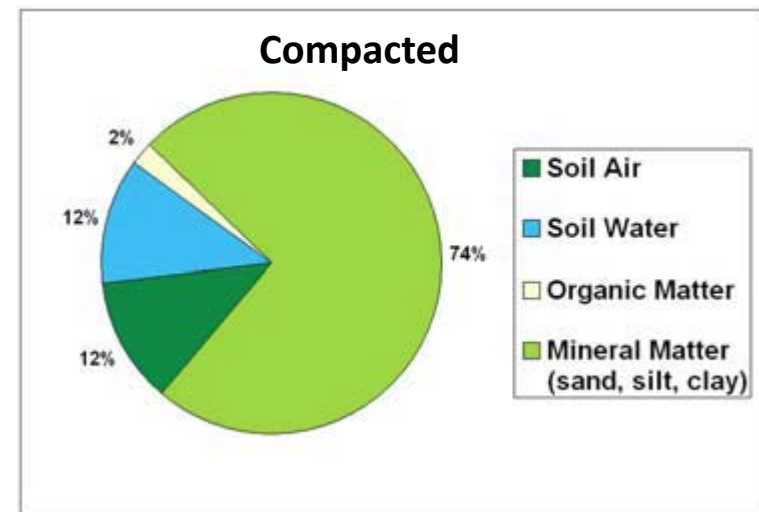
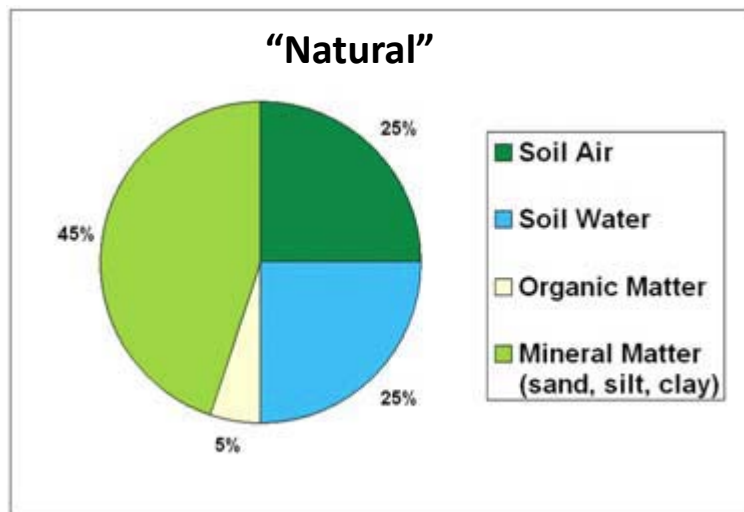
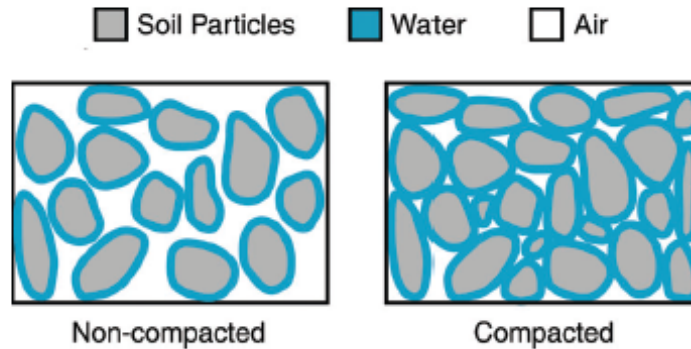


Urban soils are highly disturbed or even made soils

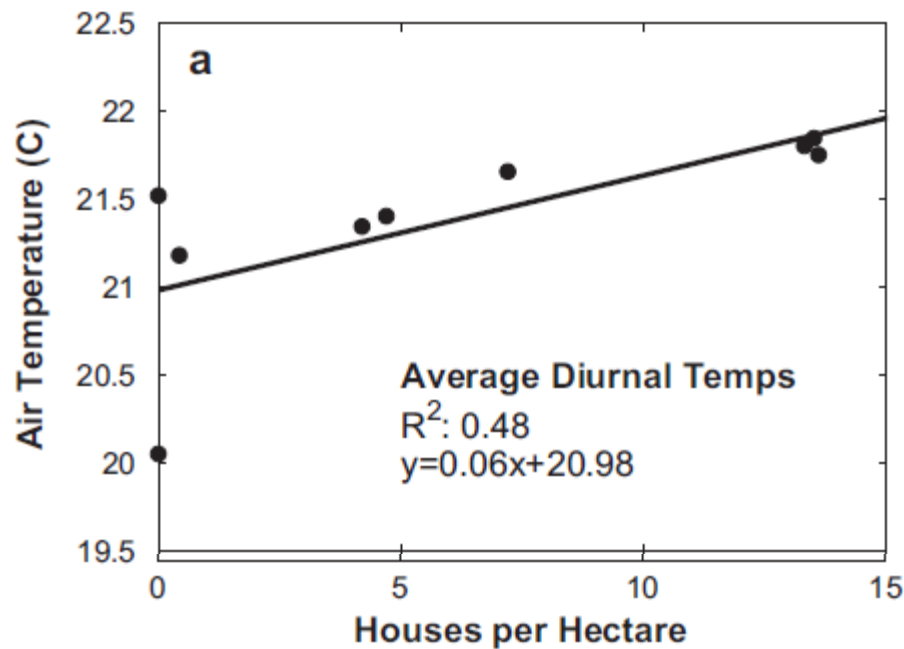


Pouyat et al. 2001

Urban Soils – Physical Impacts



Urban Soils – Climate Impacts



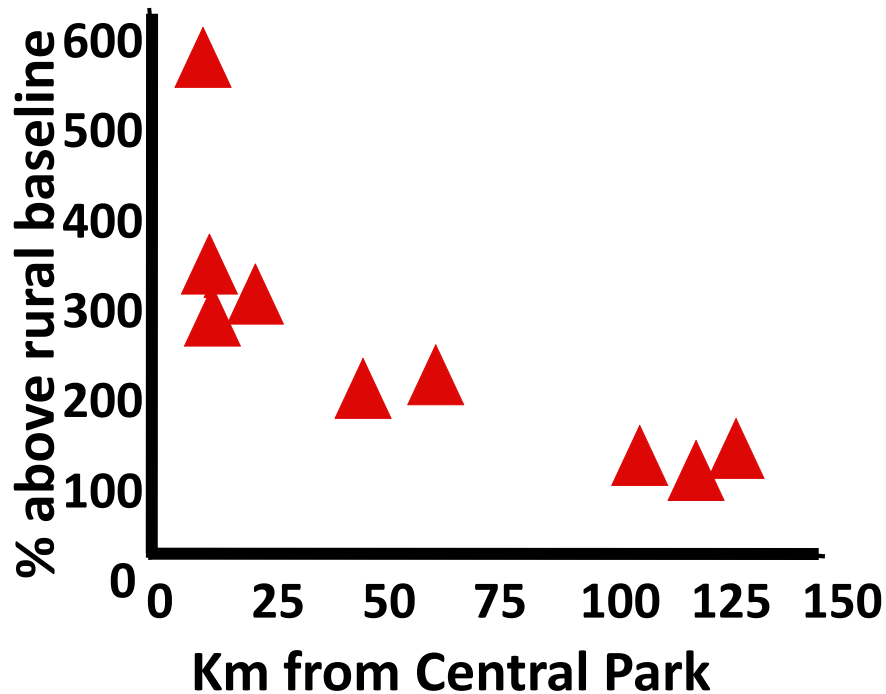
- Small city – 32,000
- Elevation of 1.5 °C

Martin et al. 2012

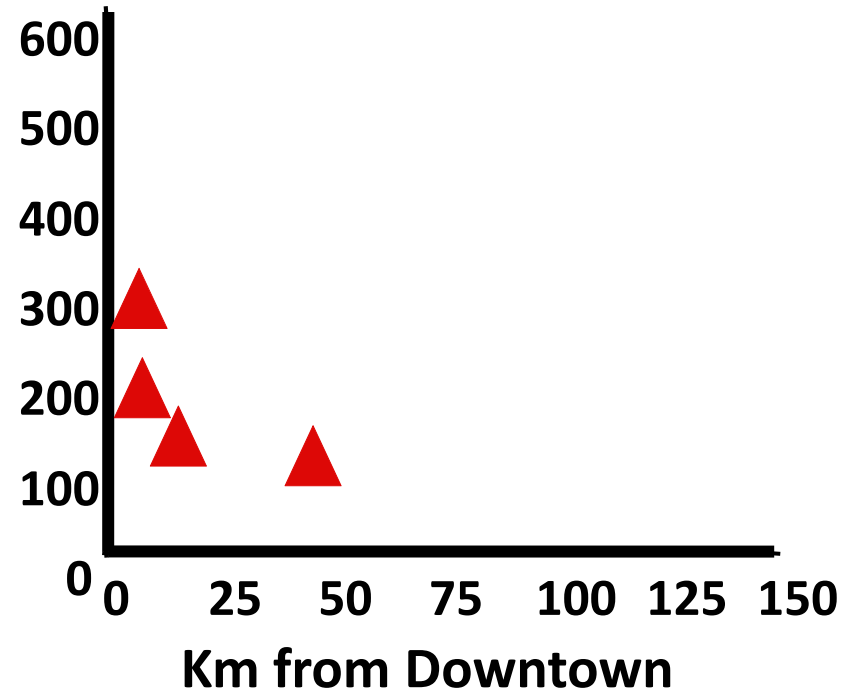
Urban Soils – Chemical Impacts

Metal Pollution

New York City
Pb, Cu, Ni



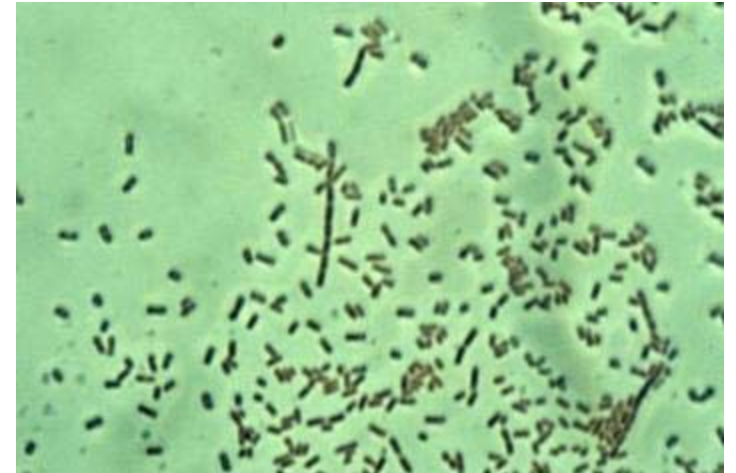
Louisville, KY
Pb, Cu, Ni



Pouyat and McDonnell, 1991

Carreiro et al., unpublished

Urban Soils – Biota Impacts



Cities affect their local ecosystems differently.

	New York City		Baltimore		Asheville	
<i>Population</i>	7,420,166		645,593		61,607	
Soil Variable	Rural	Urban	Rural	Urban	Rural	Urban
Ph	4.7	4.5	4.6	5.2	4.9	4.9
SOM (g kg ⁻¹)	75	108	110	90	97	79
Annual temperature (°C)	8.5	12.5	12.8	14.5	11.9	13.0
N-mineralization (mg kg d ⁻¹)	4.02	10.3	2.2	8.0	0.11	0.26
Leaf decay (mg d ⁻¹)	0.0068	0.0113	n.a.	n.a.	0.0012	0.0009

Pavao-Zuckerman & Coleman 2003, Pouyat et al. 2008

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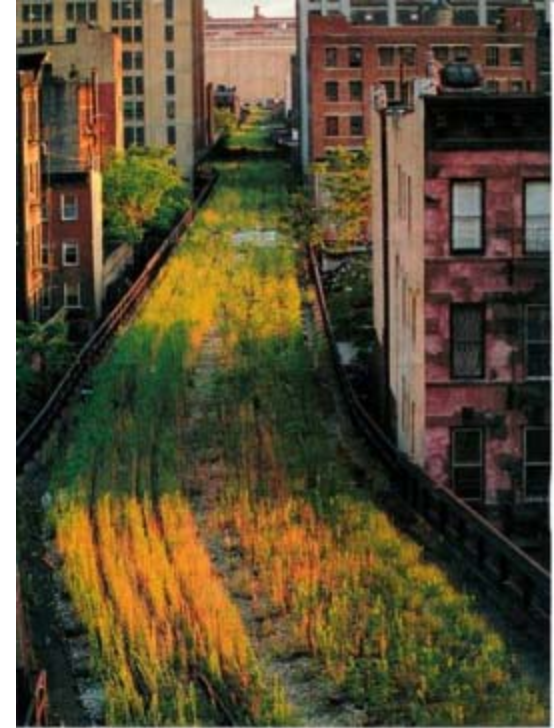


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urban soil opportunities

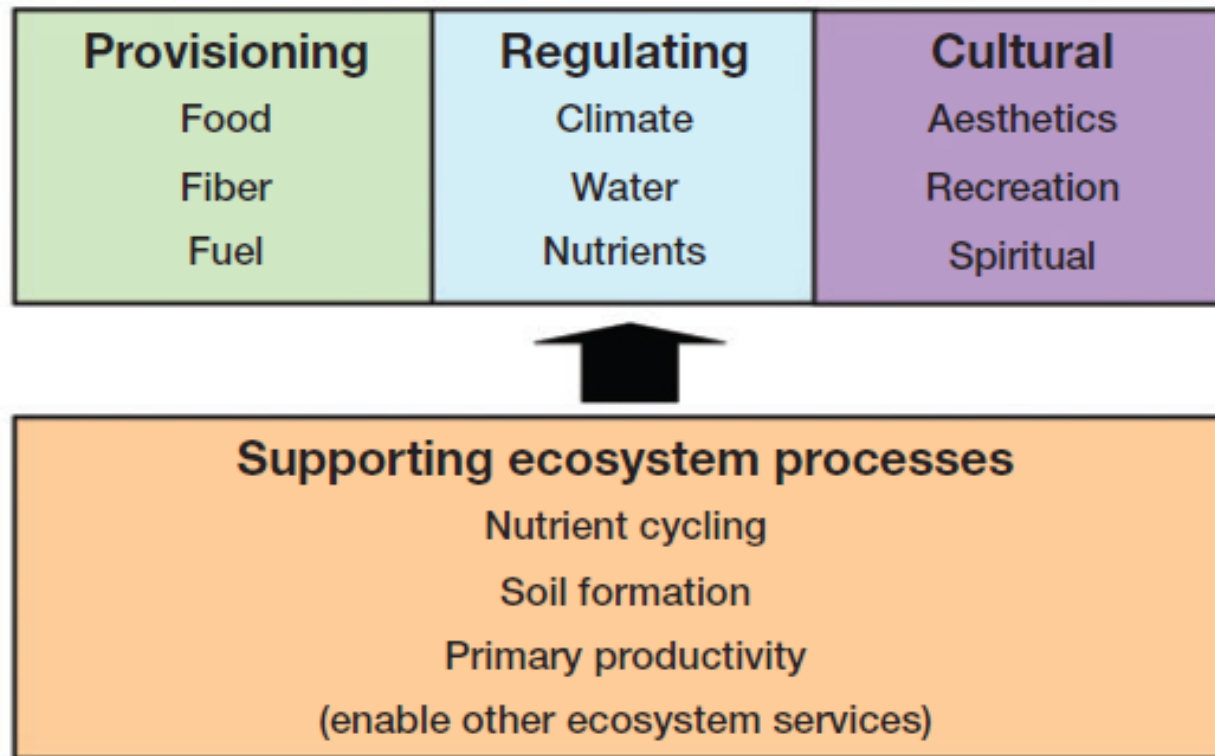


restoration
reclamation
urban design
novel ecosystems



GI – Ecosystem Services

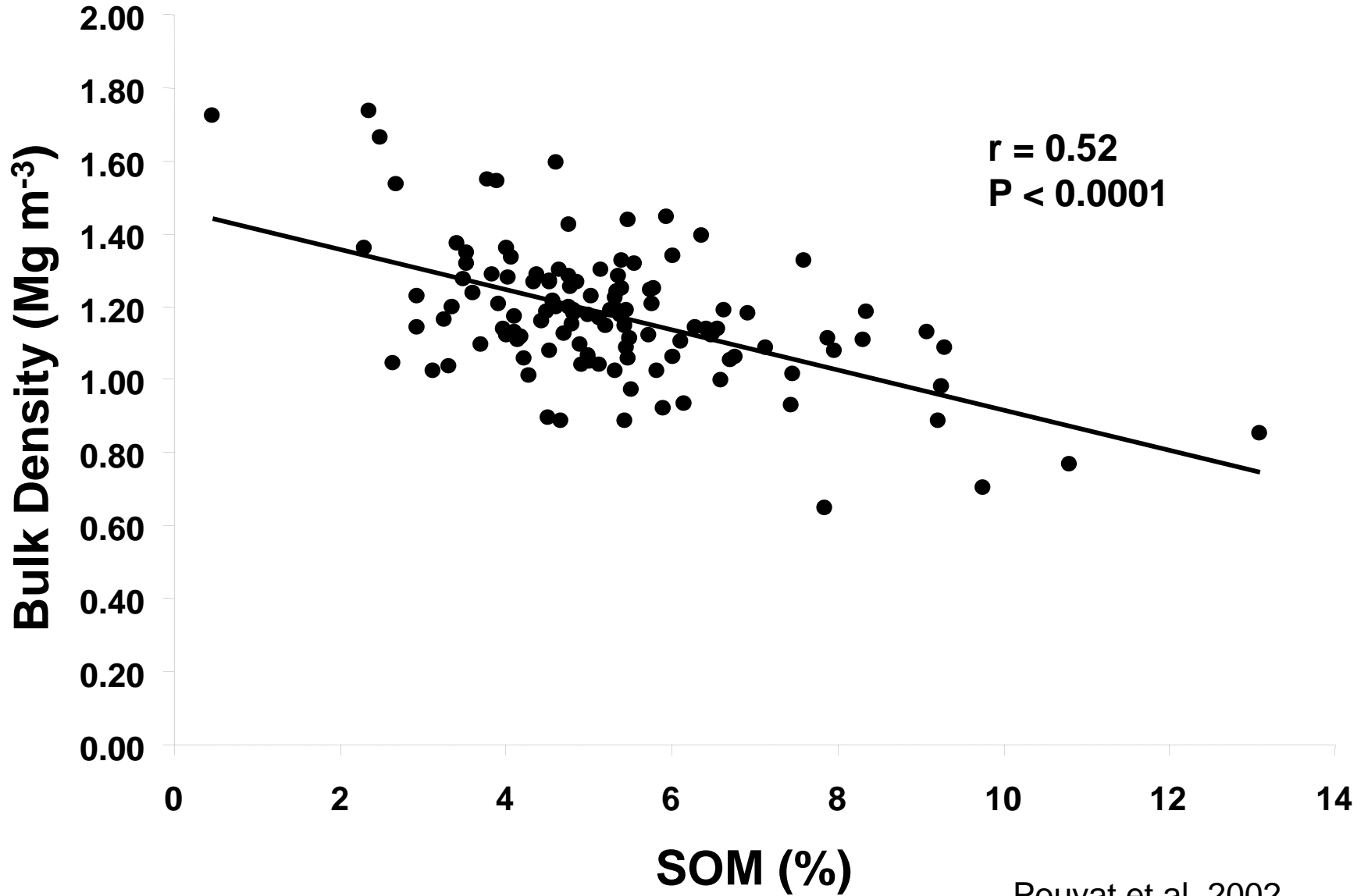
Types of ecosystem services



<i>Ecosystem service</i>	<i>Potential magnitude</i>	<i>Current level of uncertainty</i>
C sequestration	Low	Low
Net GHG emissions	Moderate	High
Local cooling	High	Moderate
Stormwater mitigation	High	Moderate
Water-quality mitigation	High	High
Air-quality mitigation	Low	High
General human health	Moderate	Moderate
<i>Ecosystem disservice</i>	<i>Potential magnitude</i>	<i>Current level of uncertainty</i>
Water use	High	Moderate
Net GHG emissions	Moderate	High
Source of allergens	High	Low
VOC emissions	Moderate	Moderate

Pataki et al. 2011

Compaction and Soil Organic Matter



Pouyat et al. 2002

Important Functions - Soil Food Web

- **Chemical:** nutrient cycling and retention, carbon sequestration, pollutant degradation
- **Physical:** infiltration, structure, aggregates, etc.
- **Biotic:** disease suppression, biodiversity

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Rain Gardens and Bioretention



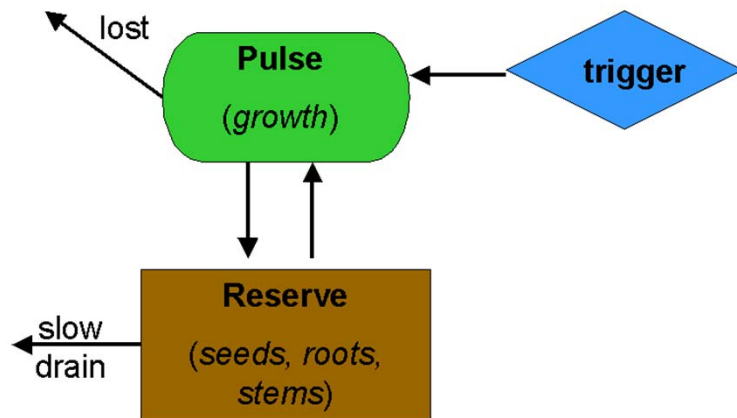
TABLE 1 LABORATORY AND ESTIMATED BIORETENTION

Pollutant	Removal Rate
Total Phosphorus	70%-83% ¹
Metals (Cu, Zn, Pb)	93%-98% ¹
TKN	68%-80% ¹
Total Suspended Solids	90% ²
Organics	90% ²
Bacteria	90% ²

Source: ¹Davis et al. (1998)

²PGDER (1993)

Desert Ecosystems Function with Precipitation Pulses



Noy-Meir 1973, Reynolds et al. 2004





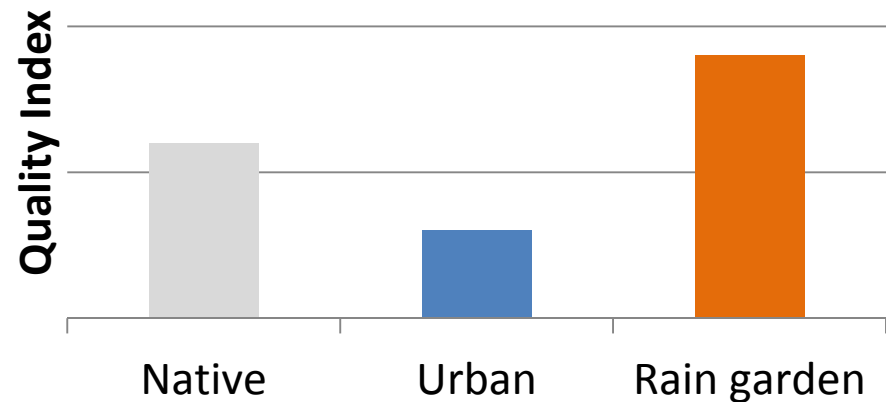
Green Infrastructure -Reconnecting Urban Ecohydrology



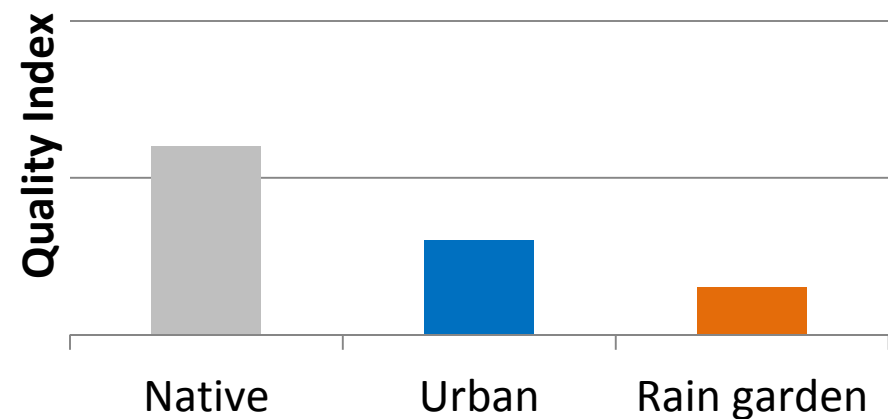
Soil quality?
Ecosystem Function?
Ecosystem services?

Hypotheses

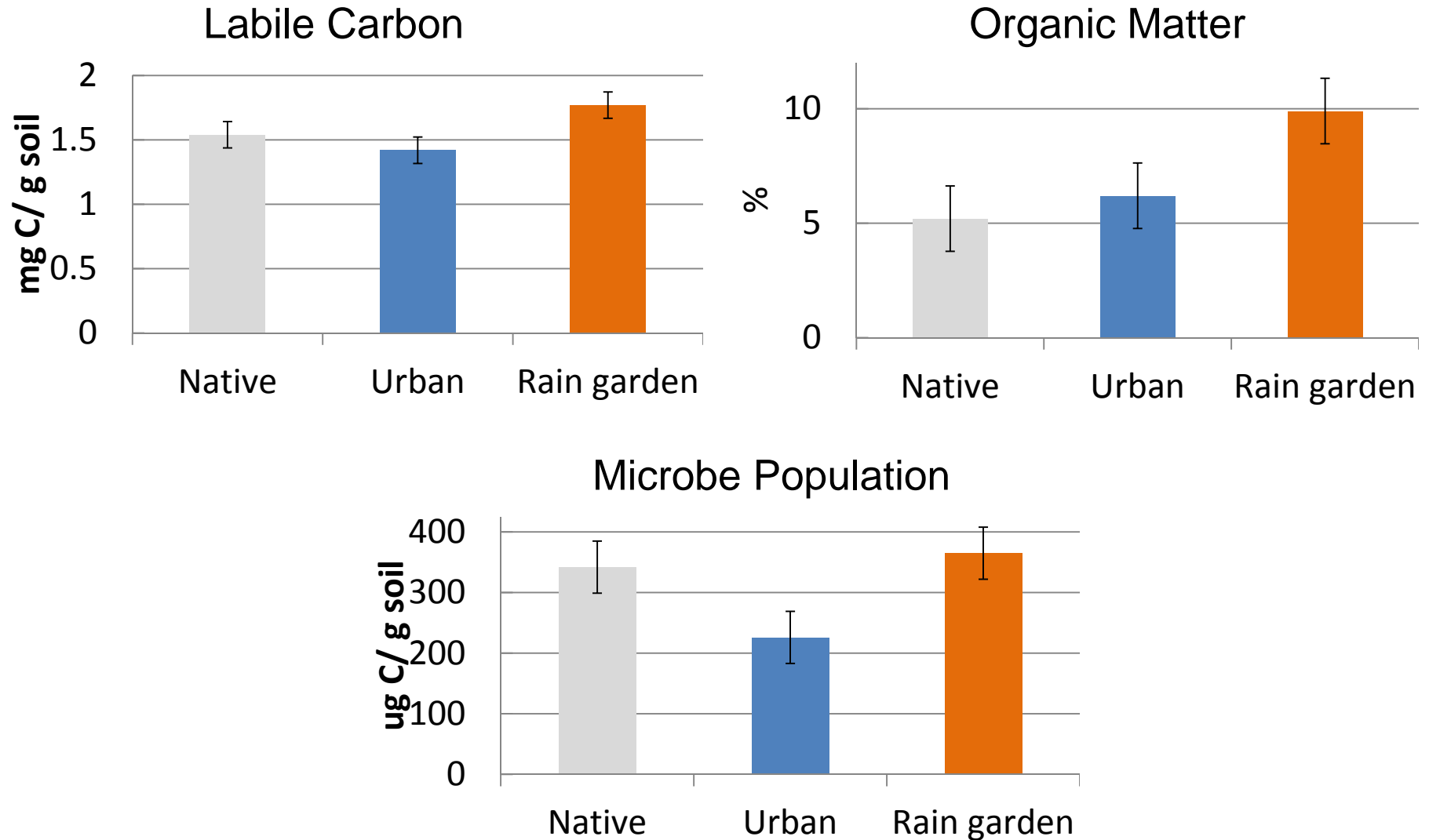
H1: Rain gardens improve urban soil quality



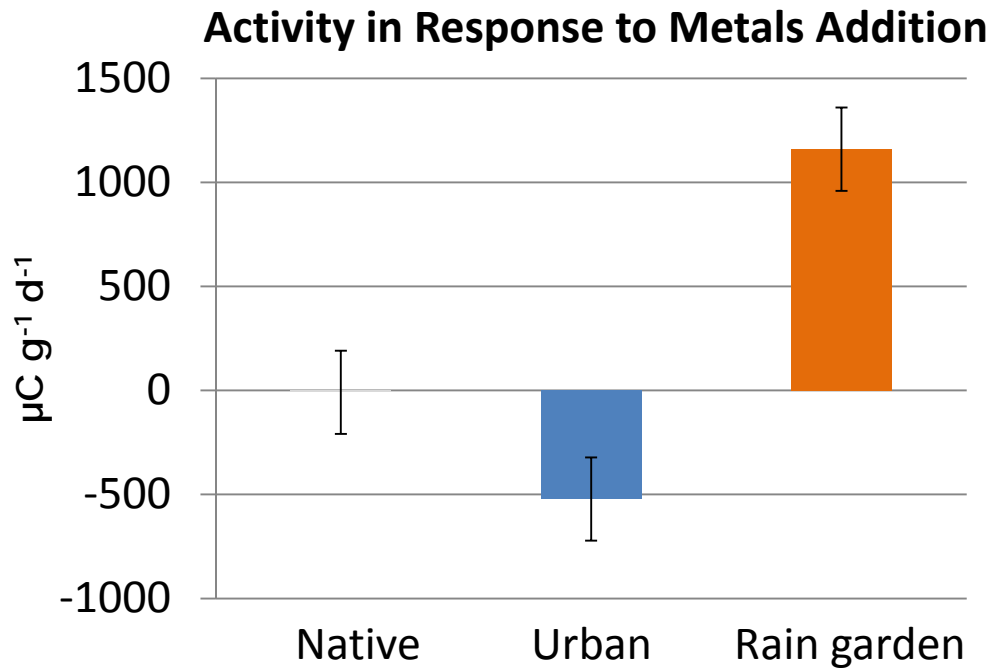
H2: Rain gardens further degrade urban soil quality



Soil carbon pools are slightly elevated in rain garden basins



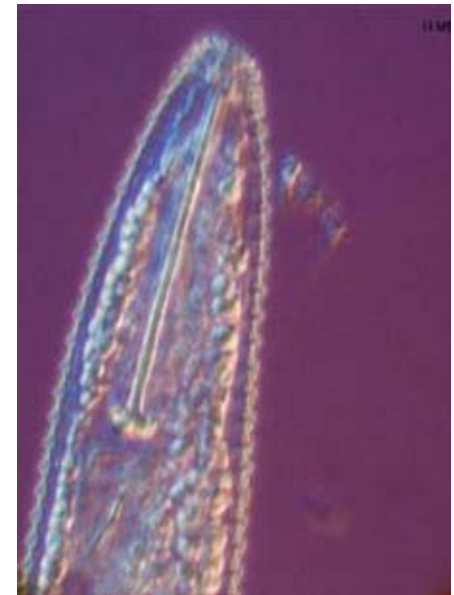
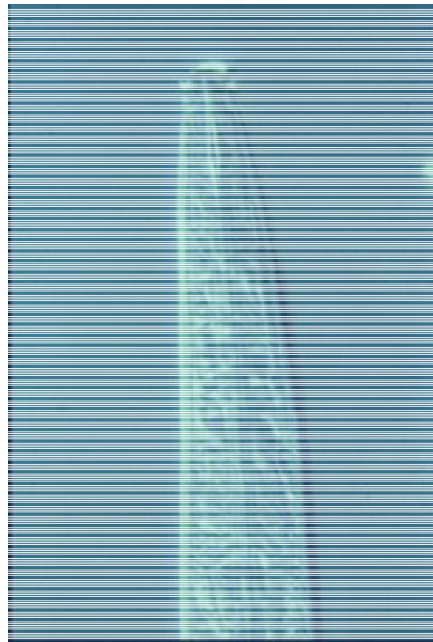
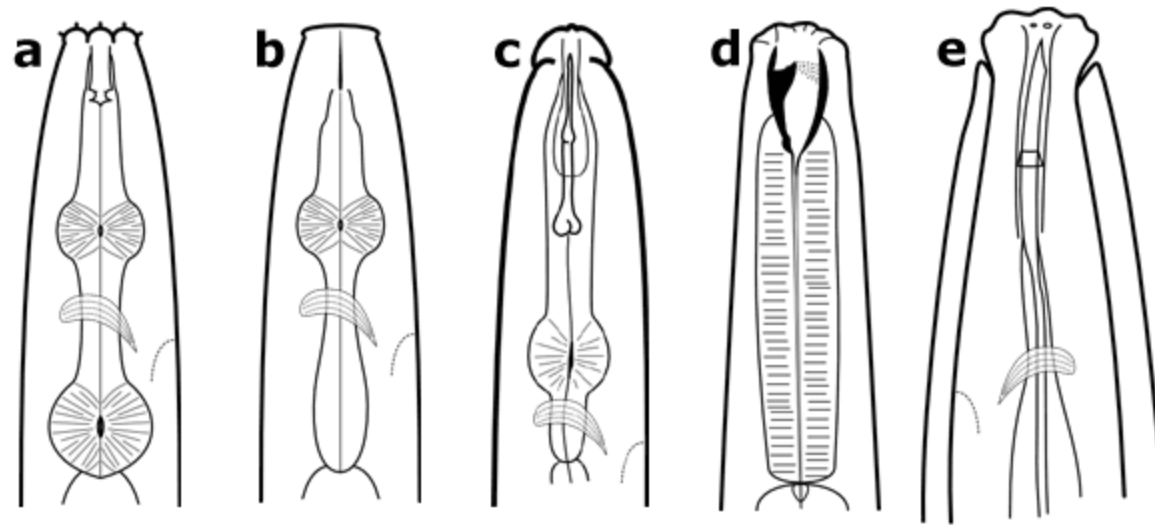
Rain garden microbes are active when we soak them in metals



Microbial adaptation or acclimation to metal stress?

Urban soils and ecosystems may recover quickly from disturbance

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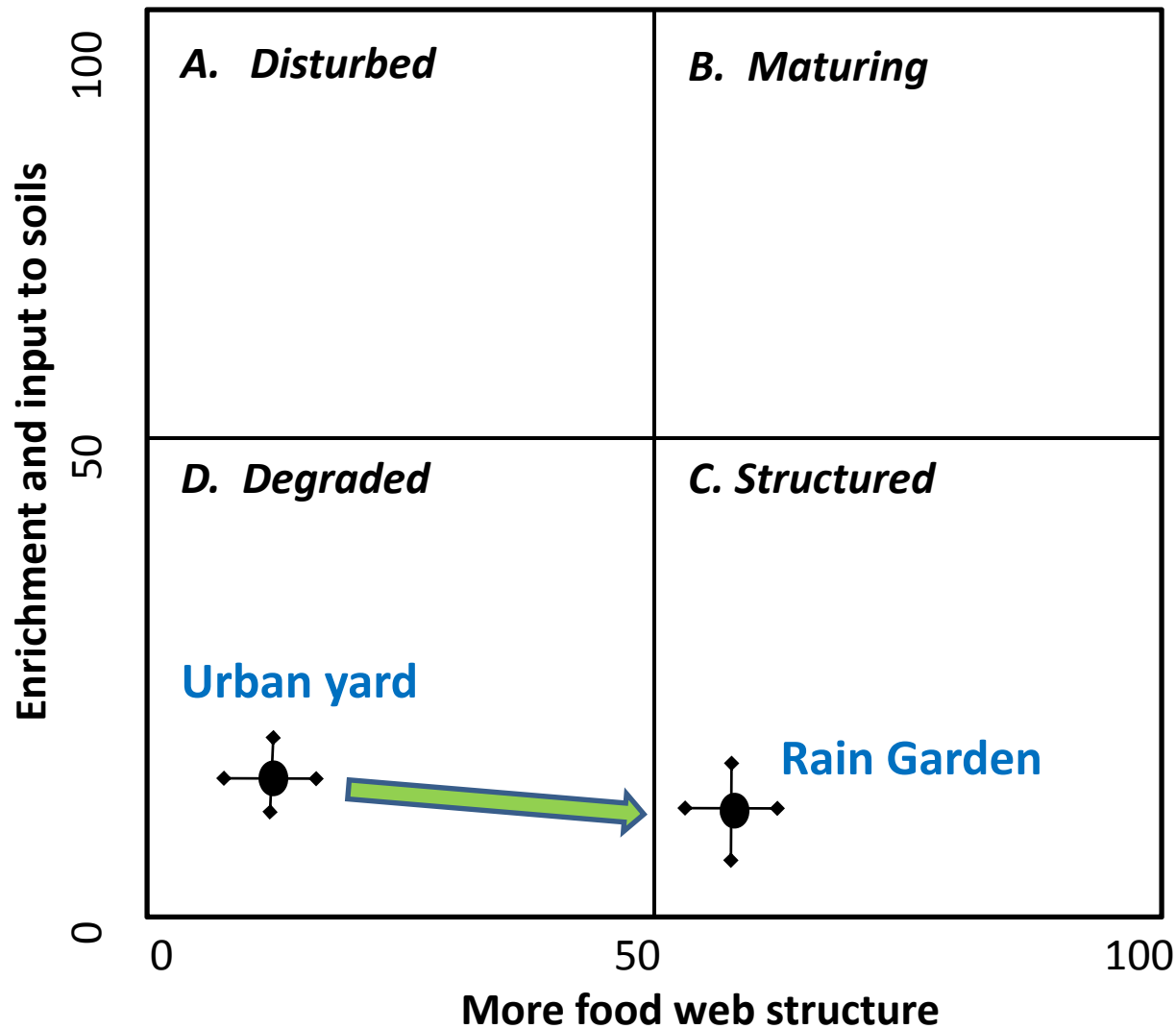


Nematode community analysis - food web development in rain garden basins

	<u>Urban Yard</u>	<u>Rain Garden Basin</u>
Abundance	6.9 g soil ⁻¹ [0.7]	8.5 g soil ⁻¹ [0.9]
Bacteria Feeders	7.8 [1.7]	6.2 [1.6]
Fungal Feeders	0.5 [0.6]	1.3 [0.5]
Omnivores	0.0	0.25
Carnivores	0.25 [0.5]	1.5 [.8]
FF: BF Ratio	0.06	0.21

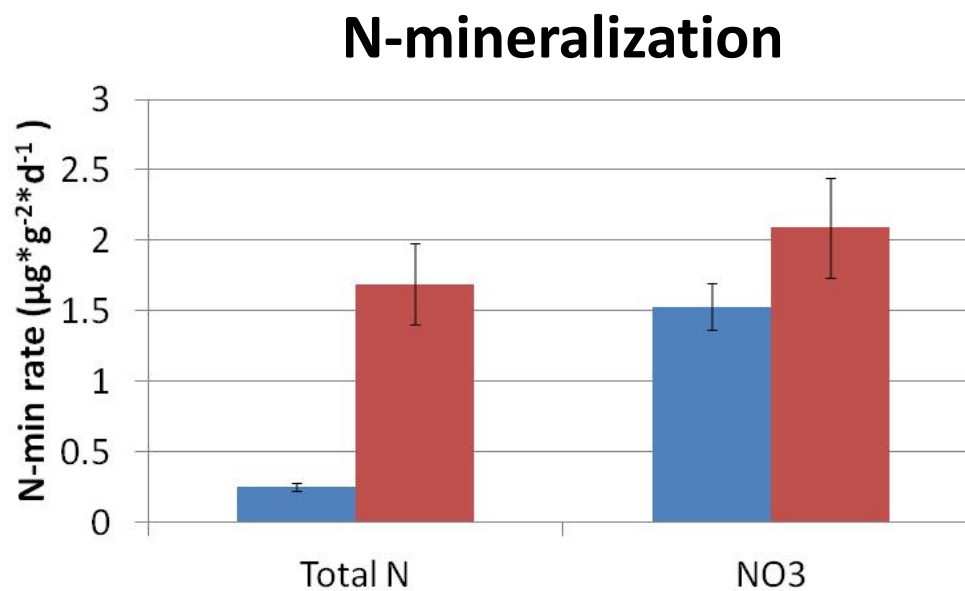
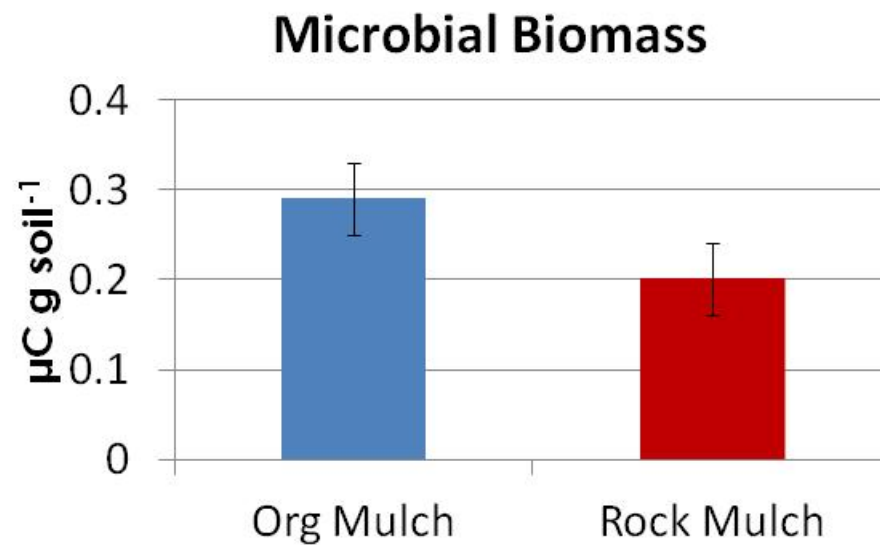


Rain Gardens have more structured soil food webs

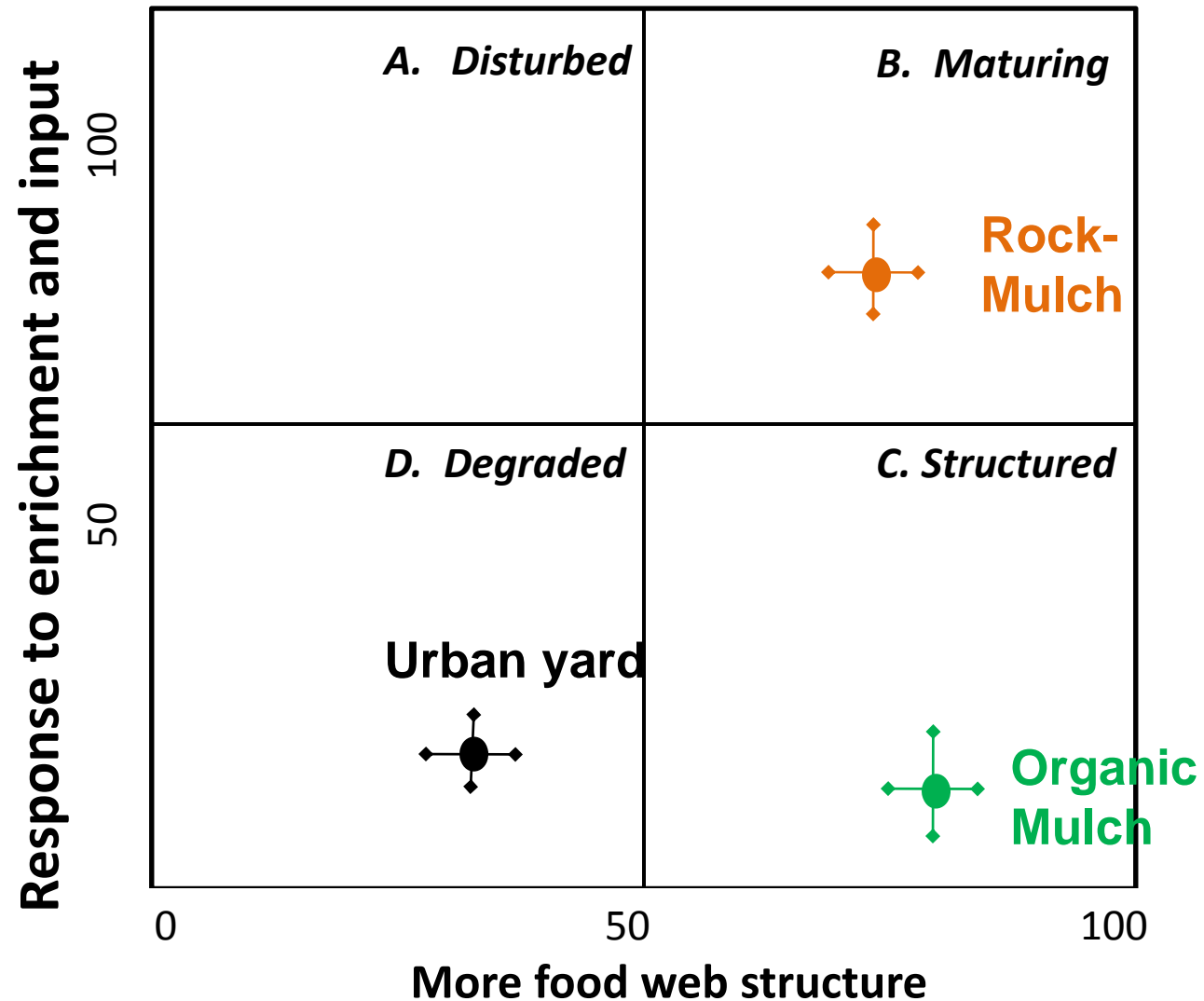


- 5x increase in F:B ratio
- 6x increase in predators

Organic mulch reduces N-mineralization rates



Nematode Community Indices: more food web structure with organic mulch



Bioretention Potentials

Soil Mixture	SOM (%)	Infiltration Rate (cm/min)	Removal Efficiency (%)		
			Cd	Pb	NO ₃ -N
Sand	1.28	1.96	97	94	35
Sand + mulch	1.28	2.56	98	92	53
Loam	3.26	1.25	98	98	44
Loam + mulch	3.26	0.51	82	69	25



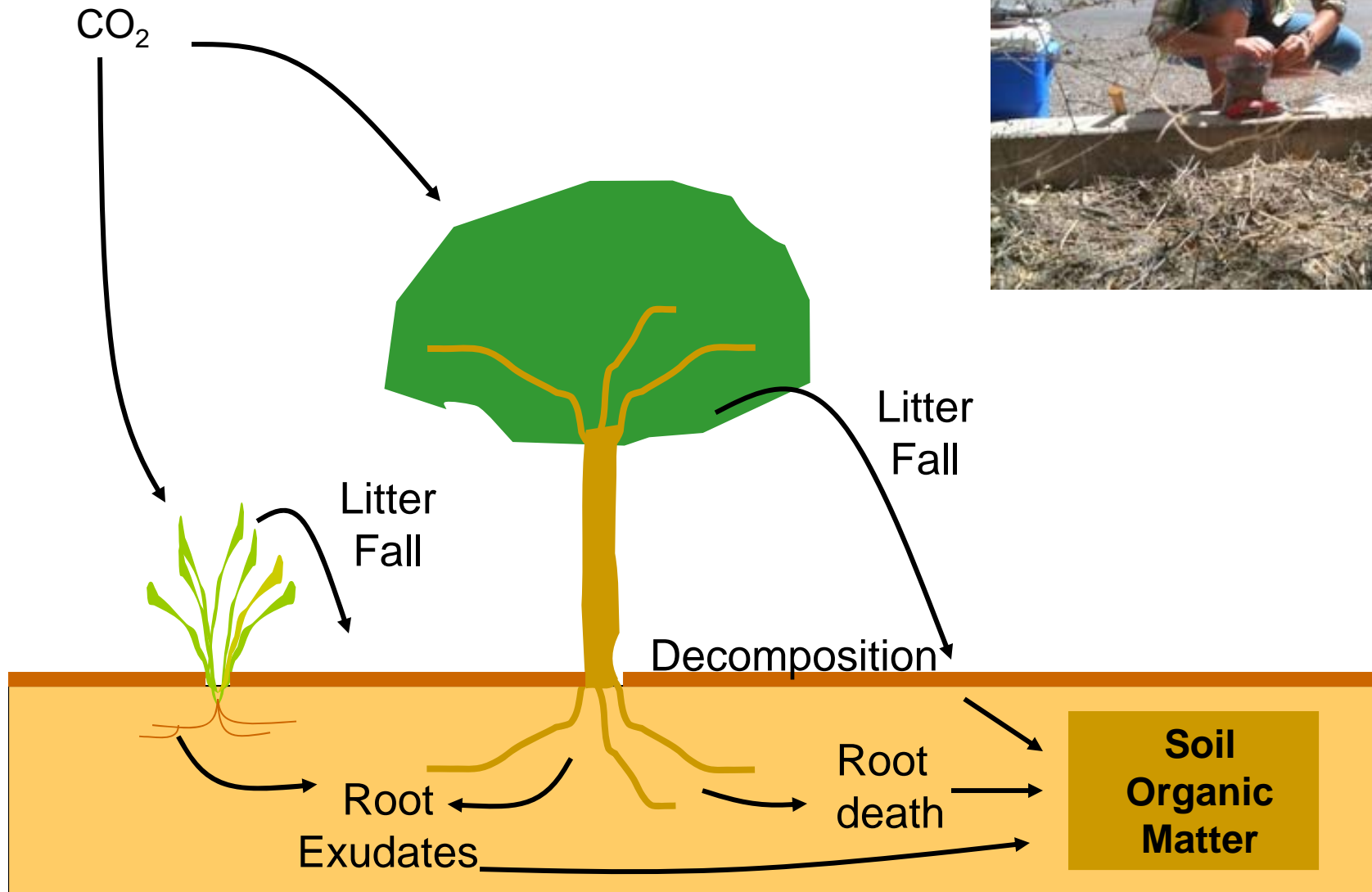
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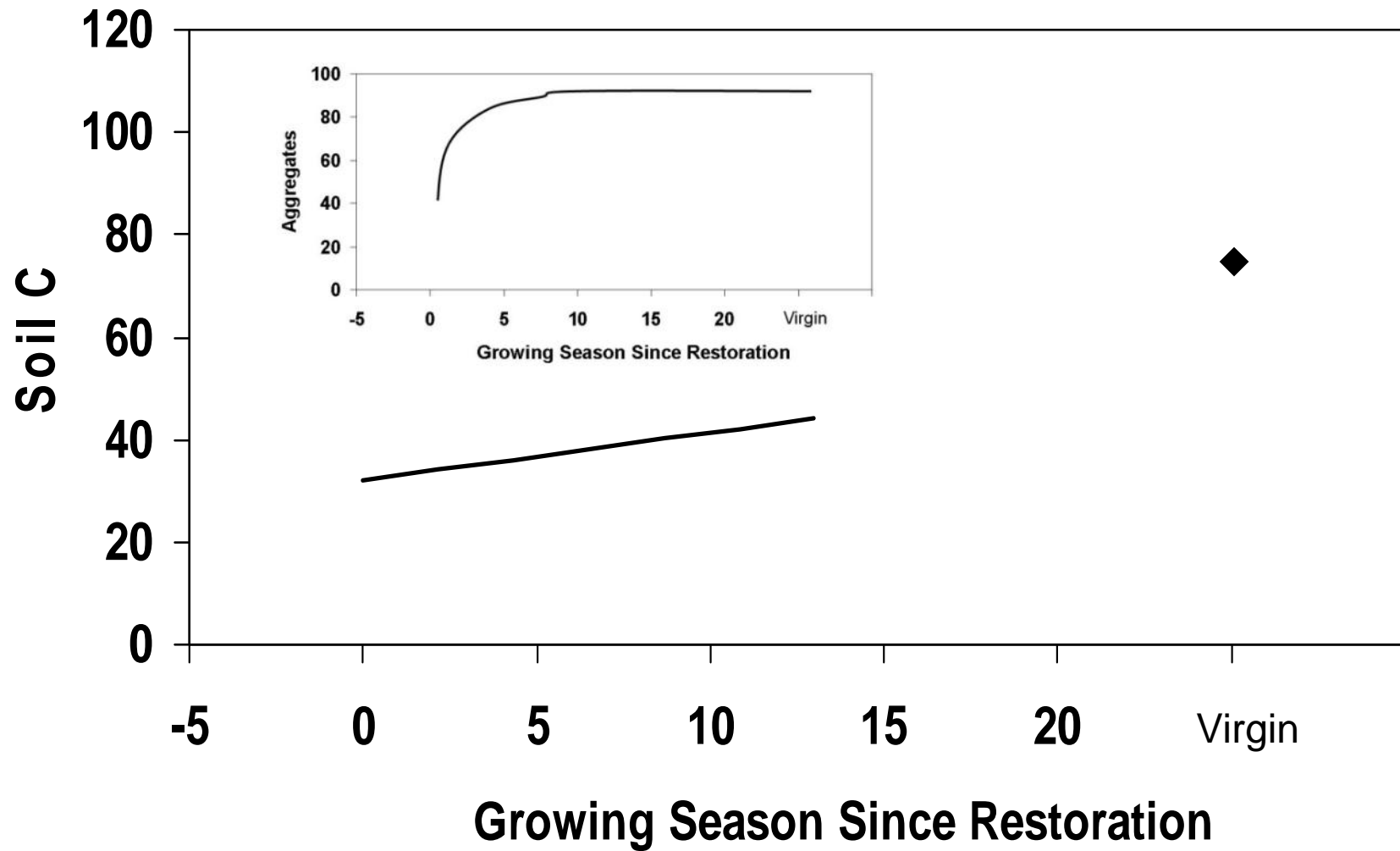


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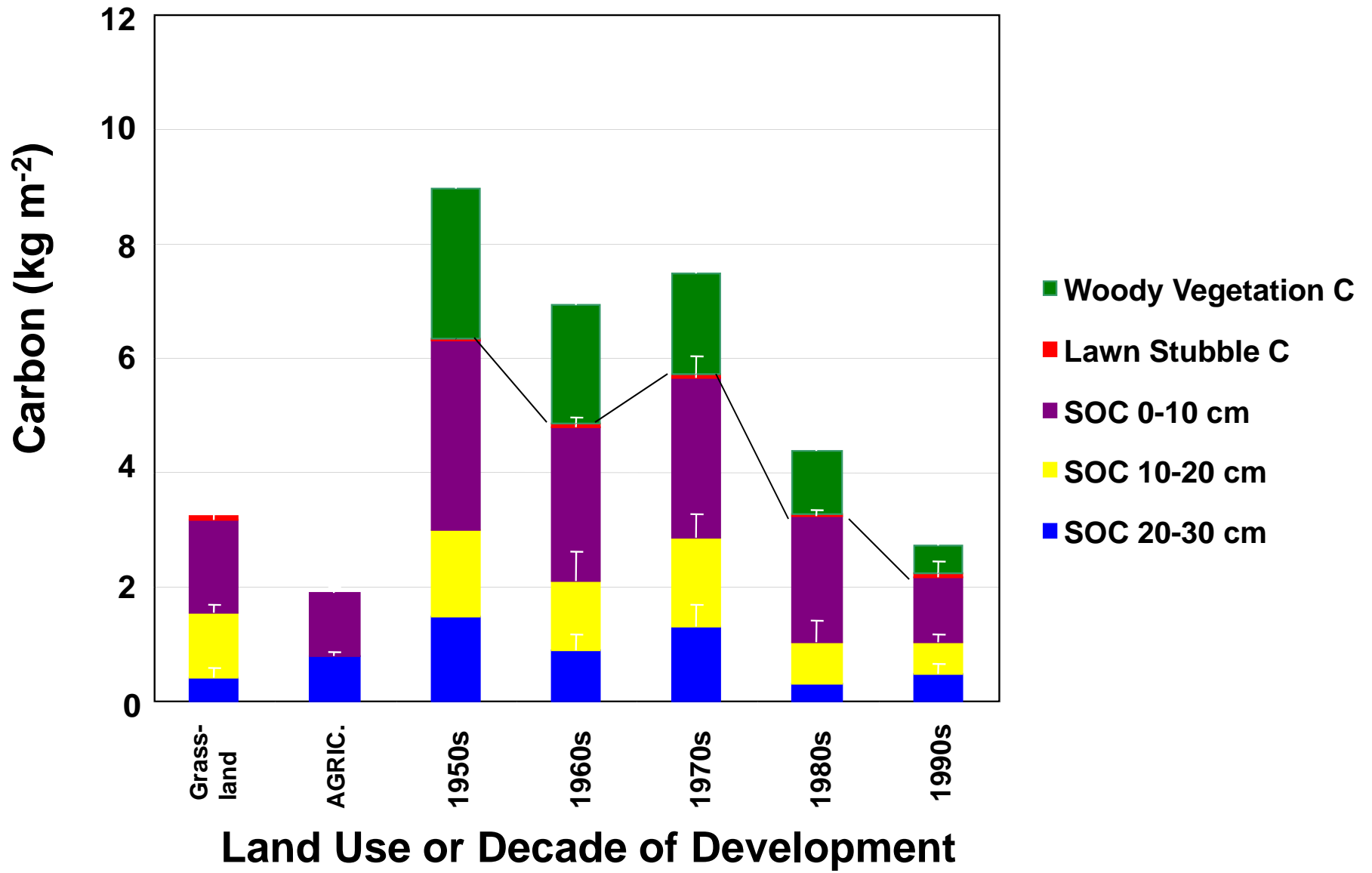
To be sequestered in the soil CO_2 in the atmosphere must first be taken up a plant



Soil C increases with prairie restoration



Soil C increases w/ age since development



How to Promote Soil C-sequestration (Lal et al. 2003)

Residue management

Use of soil amendments

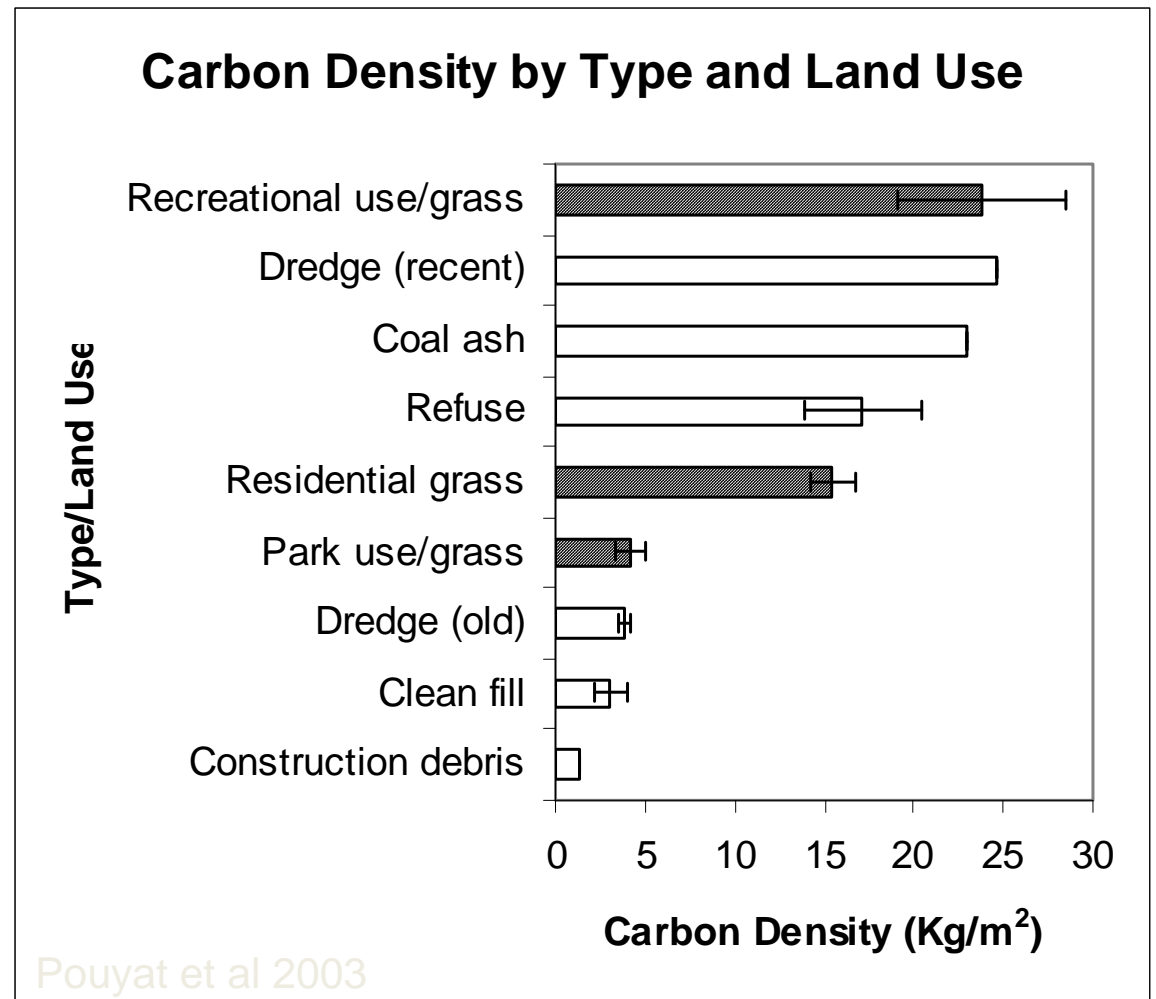
Less disturbance

Maintain root biomass in soil

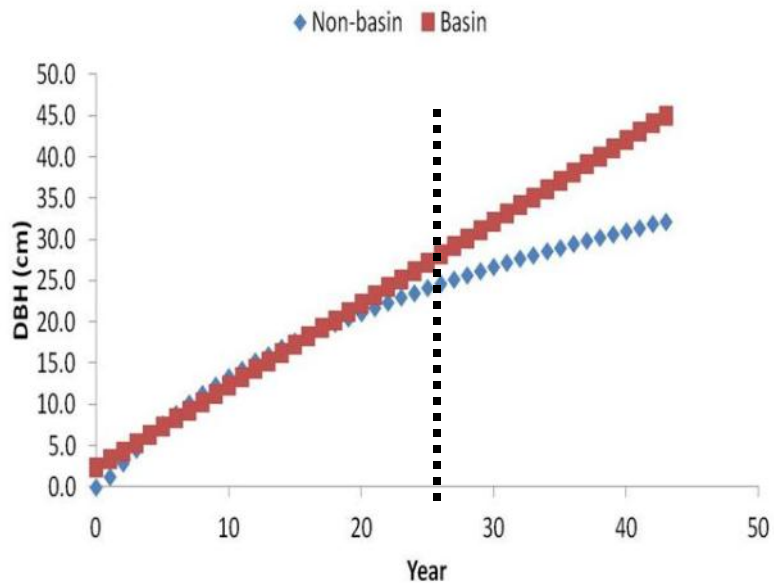
Prescribed fire

Mimic the natural ecosystem

Soil C Varies in the Urban Landscape

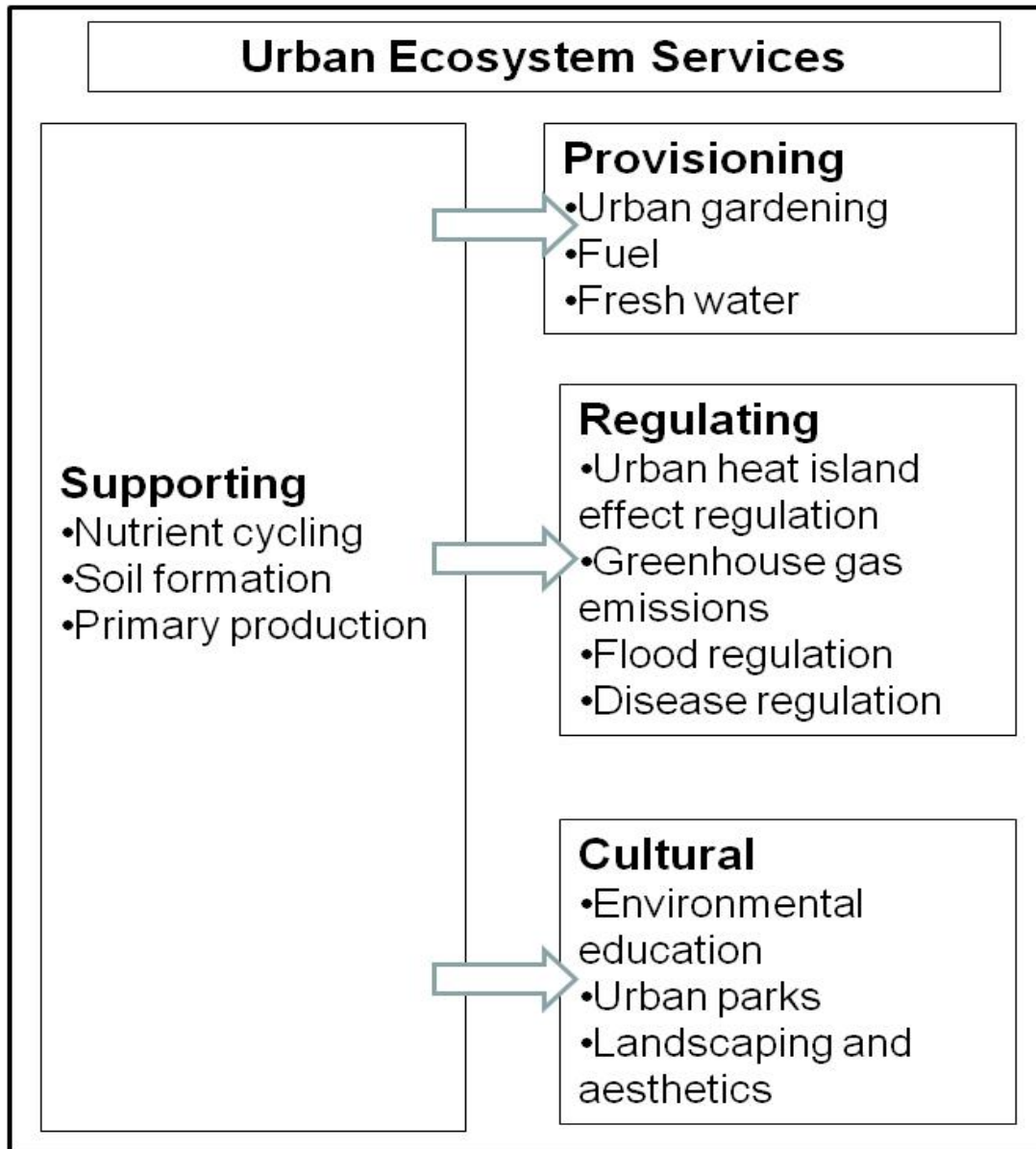


Rain harvesting basins - 33% larger trees



	CO ₂ Sequestered (kg/tree)	Aboveground Biomass (kg/tree)
Basin tree	1754.2	745.7
Non-basin tree	678.0	288.2

Relevance of soil knowledge for....



Pavao-Zuckerman 2012

Global Urbanization and the Separation of Humans from Nature

WILL R. TURNER, TOSHIHIKO NAKAMURA, AND MARCO DINETTI
BioScience June 2004 / Vol. 54 No. 6



Digging Deeper...

- D.C. Coleman et al. “Fundamentals of Soil Ecology”
- D. Wall et al. “Soil ecology and ecosystem services”
- USDA, Urban Soil Primer:
<http://1.usa.gov/V83iwA>
- EPA, Evaluation of Urban Soils for Green Infrastructure <http://1.usa.gov/Weamfn>